

POETRY.

From the New York American.

THE WRECK OF THE "HOME."

On Hudson's noble waters
A sea-bound vessel rides,
Of graceful mould, and seeming strength,
To rule and scorn the tides.

And crowds her sides are climbing—
Who could forbear to roam
In halls so gay—on keels so fleet
As thine, ill-fated "Home!"

Sweet name! to tempt the wanderer
That seeks his native shore—
But few that part from land in thee
Shall ever find it more.

Beware her treacherous beauty!
Tread not her brittle deck—
For your bitterest hour of need
'Twill part, a faithless wreck.

Turn back! thou reckless parent—
Oh! will thy precious child
Sleep sweeter rocked in surges' arms,
Or hushed by sea-blasts wild?

Whither thou aged matron?
Is life so little dear—
Comes death not near enough to thee
That thou must seek him here?

Brave not the seas, ye brothers!
Can friendship baulk the main?
Be your love-links of adamant,
The wave shall snap the chain.

Bright bud of opening beauty!
Sweet maid of gentle heart—
The pride—the solace of all friends—
Thou must not hence depart!

The sunken rock will bruise thee,
The wintry waters chill;
Those lips will quaff the bitter brine—
Oh! stay in safety, still.

Heaven has like thee too many,
To need another there;
And weedy earth, alas! too few
Such flowers as thou, to spare!

Ere sorrow's night can lower,
Young spirit, thou shalt flee—
Bright, sudden—as the star of eve
Drops, glittering, in the sea!

Frail bark! thou'rt doomed to curses
From many a widowed heart,
When thy rent ribs shall strew the shore—
Why wilt thou then depart?

She's off, like restive courser!
And, eager for the main,
With trampling wheels, and panting breath,
Bounds o'er the billowy plain.

Joy thrills the homebound traveller,
His treasures soon to greet—
Kind hearts, dear voices long unheard,
Bright smiles, and welcome sweet.

But hark!—the winds are blowing
Their tempest trump—and high
The driven billows heave, and foam,
And storm clouds scour the sky!

A gale! a gale, young sea-boat,
Would try thee, though of steel!
At every flap of saucy wave
She quivers to her keel.

A leak!—God give them courage!
This is no time to shrink;
Rouse! every man—even woman's hand
Must struggle, or they sink.

In vain!—the gathering waters
Stream through her shattered frame—
Her plunging wheels are mired in brine—
Quenched is her vital flame.

Now spread all sail! good seam—
Back! on the track ye've crossed—
Last hope—and drive her on the beach!
Speed! speed! or all is lost.

Fast flying toward the breakers,
Through darkness, gust, and rain,
She rushes blindly on—she strikes!
Her back is broke in twain.

Down in the boiling waters,
With screams and strife, they slide;
And, from the fragments where they cling,
Drop, beaten by the tide?

Now comes the final struggle—
The yell, the gasp, the leap—
The weak, convulsive, elench the strong,
And drag them down the deep!

Hast failed to reach thy haven,
Bright maiden, homeward bound?
Ah no! yon starry shores can tell
Thy port—thy home is found.

Bruised, shivering, on the pebbles,
A few are flung alive;
And turn to hark, through winds, and waves,
If they alone survive!

But, mid the roaring tempest,
No sounds upon them break,
Save the deep groans of failing strength,
And the sharp, gurgling shriek!

How! how! ye straggling billows,
And down that piteous moan—
Ye ne'er, in all your murderous course,
A fouler deed have done!

MORAL & RELIGIOUS.

HOPE—AN EXTRACT.

'Immortal hope
Takes comfort from the foaming billow's rages,
And makes a welcome harbor of the tomb.'

There is, however, no feeling which the human breast cherishes, so nearly connected with its happiness as **HOPE**. And it was mercifully appointed that in a world whose brighter visions of felicity prove but the shadow of a shade—while they feast the memory, leaving the heart aching

with a sense of their desertion, and whose present enjoyments vanish ere they are grasped; some enduring realities should be held out to the spirit, fainting under weariness and disappointment. When sin entered the bowers of Eden, and the primal curse had been pronounced on the human race, **HOPE**, the young and beautiful offspring of untainted joys, sojourning with the exiles, attended on their wanderings. She cheered them with a song of future happier days—pointing them to the horizon of eternal life, and showing them the glimmerings of that bright morning star which should rise on Bethlehem and set on Calvary, but whose brightness should remain, and whose memory should live, until eternity had lost itself in its own vastness. Since then she has trod a thorny path, and partaken deeply of the wretchedness of the world which she came to solace and to cheer.

It has been the Christian bosom which has cherished best this worn and wandering pilgrim, which in her turn, has warmed and cheered the bosom which gave her shelter. While **HOPE** has listened to the tale of sorrows which the suffering children of humanity have poured into her ear, her eye has kindled with the brightness of immortality—her voice has trembled with the aspiration of prophecy, and she has infused into their song on their pilgrimage the joy and peace of believing, and the assurance of eternal salvation.

TEMPERANCE. No man ever began to drink for the purpose of becoming a drunkard; no man ever meant to be a drunkard; no man wishes to be a drunkard. How is it then that so many are drunkards? Ardent spirit was to them, what a bait in the snare is to an unwary bird. They knew not the danger they were in, when they began to be cautious drinkers. Cautious drinking, is an endeavor to pull the bait out of the trap without getting caught. Let it alone. No man is safe who drinks cautiously. If you get into the habit at all, it is like the rash or ignorant mariner entering the dish of the maelstrom, that great whirlpool on the coast of Norway. He cannot keep upon the edge. Each circumstance carries him nearer and nearer to the centre, and of course to irretrievable destruction. His only safety lies in keeping out of the current, and at a distance from it. Some people drink it to drown sorrow. Unwise! they drown themselves. They are about as reasonable as a mad commander of a vessel, who, because he has troubles on his voyage, run his vessel into the whirlpool, that the dizziness produced by the rapidity with which he made the circumference, might cause him to forget his troubles.—*Boston Trumpet.*

Books.

THE subscribers have for sale a general assortment of **SCHOOL BOOKS**: among which are the following—Adams', Smith's, Bucher's, Welch's and Parley's Arithmetic; Olney's, Parley's, Woodbridge's and Willard's large Geography; Mrs. Lincoln's Botany; Playfair's, Euclid; Worcester's History; Parley's 1st and 2d Book of Geography; Blake's Astronomy; Grund's Geometry; Political Class Book; Smith's Grammar; National Reader; Classical do; Porter's Rhetorical do; Young Ladies Class Book; Classical Speaker; Blair's Rhetoric; History U. S.; do in French; French Reader; French Grammar; Le Brun's Telemaque; History of Louis XV. in French; do Charles XII; Cicero's Orations, &c. &c. Also,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS: among which are the following—Mothers Book; The Mother at Home; Child at Home; Mother's Friend; Letters to the Young; Six months in a Convent; Mammon—a Prize Essay; Church members Guide; Hawes' Lectures to Young Men; Memoirs of Mrs. Judson; do of Brannard Taylor; Buck's Dictionary; Malcom's Bible do; History of Martyrs; Lectures on Dramatic Art and Literature; Bakewell's Introduction to Geology, with Professor Silliman's Appendix; Large and Small Bibles; Watt's and Select Hymns; Toy Books, &c. &c. All of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

SHEDD & JEWETT.
St. Johnsbury Plain, Sept. 25, 1837. 8—tf

Boots and Shoes.

GEORGE C. BARNEY begs leave to tender his acknowledgments to the Public for past favors and to inform them that he continues to manufacture

BOOTS AND SHOES

at his old stand, where he has on hand and intends keeping, a constant supply of all articles in his line, warranted to be made of the first rate stock, and of course to do good service.

Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and examine his stock under the assurance that his prices are moderate and the smallest favors will be thankfully received.

N. B. The subscriber has been waiting long to exchange a few old notes and accounts for cash &c but has waited in vain—Therefore Greeting will come unawares—look out.

GEO. C. BARNEY.
St. Johnsbury Plain, Aug. 12, 1837. 2—tf

IMPORTANT. THE TEETHING

OF INFANTS. The time of dentition is a most important period of the infant state, and subject to many complaints and dangers. Above a tenth part of infants die at this particular juncture, by symptoms proceeding from the irritation of the exquisitely sensible nervous part of the gums which eventually induce fever, inflammation, gangrene, twitching of the tendons, convulsions, &c. which formidable symptoms can at all times be obviated from causing such infantile mortality, by mothers and nurses promptly allaying the local irritation of the parts. To effect this desirable object, Doctor J. L. Parish's celebrated **Syrup for INFANTILE TEETHING** is unrivalled, when applied to the infant's gums, (according to the directions,) it universally produces immediate relief; it is so pleasant and so palliating that all babies will instinctively allow the gums to be rubbed with it. This remedy has saved thousands of infants from a recurrence of that fatal complaint—convulsions—even after the child had several attacks of the malady! Sold at 100 Chatham street, New York, and at the Bookstore of E. P. WALTON & SON, Montpelier, Vermont. 4—ly

To Physicians.

A FULL and complete assortment of **DRUGS AND MEDICINES**, at the lowest prices. Orders by stage or otherwise, promptly attended to.

HIRAM TRACY.
Wells River, Aug. 25, 1837. 4—7

Mother, said a stripling, I had a capital sight of the Indians on Monday, and can make a conundrum about them.

What is it? Tim, said mamma.
Tim. Why are the Sacs and Foxes like our fashionable belles? Do you give it up? Mother.
"Yes, Tim."
Then, it is because their shoulders are bare.—*Boston Gazette.*

Read and Understand.

THE subscriber would inform the inhabitants of Lyndon and vicinity, that having recovered his health sufficiently, he will re-commence the

Tailoring Business,

at his old stand in Lyndon Corner. He solicits a share of public patronage, and hopes, from his long acquaintance with the business, to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor him with their custom.
ABIAHATH KENDALL.
Lyndon Corner, Oct. 3, 1837. 10 4w

To Farmers.

JOHN C. CROSMAN, manufacturer and keeps constantly for sale, at his shop, **STRAW CUTTERS**, which for usefulness and cheapness are superior to any other machine of the kind in use, as will appear by the following testimony of gentlemen who have used them and tested their utility.

STRAW CUTTER.
The undersigned having used the straw cutters made by John C. Crosmann of St. Johnsbury, give it as our opinion that in cheapness, durability and usefulness they exceed any machine in known use, as fodder saving machines.

It is not liable to get out of repair, occupying a very small space, and so light as to be easily carried under the arm. We cheerfully recommend the use of it to every farmer, for the purpose of cutting straw, hay or corn fodder, fully believing that it will in one winter save in fodder more than double the expense of a machine.

CHARLES ROBERTS,
JOSEPH H. INGALLS,
SILAS HOUGHTON,
E. B. CHASE,
E. FAIRBANKS,
EZRA IDE,
LEONARD HARRINGTON,
St. Johnsbury Plain, Sept. 7, 1837. 6—tf

Look at This.

CONSTANTLY on hand and for sale at my Factory at H. Kidcock's Furnace, **WINDOW SASH**, of various kinds, and sizes. **PANEL DOORS**, of 4, 6, and 8 panels, from 1 to 2 inches thick, suitable for outside and inside doors. Window Blinds of different sizes.

He would just say to the public that his Sash, Blinds and Doors are made of the first rate stock by experienced workmen, and in the latest style, and sold on reasonable terms. Please to call and look.

N. B. All orders by Mail or otherwise punctually attended to.
LINDORF MORRIS
St. Johnsbury, August 7, 1837.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHOENIX BITTERS.

IT A CONTRAST.—All nations, from the remotest ages, have had ships, but Columbus only found out the way to America. Before the time of the great Spanish navigator, people were only enabled to paddle about the shores. Just so with the Life Medicines. It is but two short years since I first ventured upon an unknown ocean, and I have discovered the precious object I was in search of—**HEALTH**. Vegetable medicines were indeed known when I commenced my search, but their use was not. By the use of them, I have not only passed from the dejected invalid to the hale, hearty and active man of business, but, comparatively speaking, I have renewed my youth. I can thus, with confidence in my own experience, advise with my fellow-citizens. Does the reader want proof that the **VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES** are suitable to his own case? I have on file at my office, 546 Broadway, hundreds of letters, from some of the most respectable citizens of this my native land, voluntarily offered in testimony of the virtues of A **GOOD VEGETABLE MEDICINE**.

Persons whose constitutions have been nearly ruined by the "all-infallible" mineral preparations of the day, will bear me witness, that the Life Medicines, and such only, are the true course to permanent good health.

JOHN MOFFAT.

GENERAL REMARKS RELATIVE TO MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHOENIX BITTERS.

These medicines have long been known and appreciated, for their extraordinary and immediate powers of restoring perfect health, to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

In many hundreds of certificated instances, they have even rescued sufferers from the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrums of the day have utterly failed; and to many thousands they have permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great, indeed, has their efficacy invariably and infallibly proved, that it has appeared scarcely less than miraculous to those who were unacquainted with the beautifully philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act. It was to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and enduring them with renewed tone and vigor, that they were indebted for their name, which was bestowed upon them at the spontaneous request of several individuals whose lives they had obviously saved.

The proprietor rejoices in the opportunity afforded by the universal diffusion of the infallible press, for placing this **VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS** within the knowledge and reach of every individual in the community. Unlike the host of pernicious quackeries, which boast of vegetable ingredients, the Life Pills are purely and **SOLELY VEGETABLE**, and containing neither Mercury, Antimony, Arsenic, nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are entirely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian tribes, and recently to some eminent pharmaceutical chemists, are altogether unknown to the ignorant pretenders to medical science; and were never before administered in so happily efficacious a combination.

Their first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels, the various impurities and crudities constantly settling around them; and to remove the feces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these, and leave such collected masses behind, as to produce habitual costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden diarrhoea, with its imminent dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudice of these well informed men against the quack medicines of the age. The second effect of the **VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS** is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder, and by this means, the liver and the lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and lungs before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from the clean stomach, courses freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases, to which the Vegetable Life Pills are well known to be infallible.

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind;—**Flatulency**, **Palpitation of the Heart**, **Loss of Appetite**, **Heart-burn** and **Head-ache**, **Restlessness**, **Il-**

An Irish woman called at an oilman's the other day and asked for a quart of vinegar. It was measured out, and she put it into a gullion jug. She then asked for another quart to put in the same vessel. "And why not ask for a half gallon and have done with it?" said the oilman. "Oh! bless your little bit of a soul," answered she, "it's for two persons."

temper, **Anxiety**, **Languor**, and **Melancholy**, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure. **Costiveness**, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines, with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days. **Diarrhoea** and **Cholera**, by removing the sharp acrid fluids by which these complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the lubricative secretion of the mucous membrane. **Fevers of all kinds**, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of perspiration in some cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstructions in others. The **LIFE PILLS** have been known to cure **Rheumatism** permanently in three weeks, and **Gout** in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints. **Dropsies of all kinds**, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of **Gravel**. Also, **Worms**, from dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere; **Asthma** and **Consumption**, by relieving the air vessels of the lungs from the mucus, which even slight colds will occasion, which if not removed becomes hardened, and produces those dreadful diseases. **Scurvy**, **Ulcers** and **Incurable Sores**, by the perfect purity which these Life Pills give to the blood, and all the humors; **Scorbutic Eruptions**, and **Bad Complexions**, by their alternative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, the morbid state of which occasions all **Eruptive complaints**, **Sallow**, **Cloudy**, and other disagreeable complexions. The use of these Pills for a very short time, will effect an entire cure of **Salt rheum**, **Erysipelas**, and a striking improvement in the **Clearness of the skin**. **Common Colds** and **Influenza**, will always be cured by one dose, or by two, even in the worst cases. **Piles**—as a remedy for this most distressing and obstinate malady, the Vegetable Life Pills deserve a distinct and emphatic recommendation. It is well known to hundreds in this city, that the Proprietor of these invaluable Pills, was himself afflicted, with this complaint for upwards of thirty-five years, and that he used in vain every remedy prescribed within the whole compass of the Materia Medica. He however, at length, tried the medicine which he now offers to the public, and he was cured in a very short time, after his recovery had been pronounced not only improbable, but absolutely impossible, by any human means.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—The Proprietor of the Vegetable Life Pills does not follow the base and mercenary practice of the quacks of the day, in advising persons to take his Pills in large quantities. No good medicine can possibly be so required. These Pills are to be taken at bed time every night, for a week or fortnight, according to the obstinacy of the disease. The usual dose is from 2 to 5, according to the constitution of the person. Very delicate persons should begin with but two, and increase as the nature of the case may require; those more robust, or of very costive habits, may begin with 3, and increase to 4, or even 5 Pills, and they will effect a sufficiently happy change to guide the patient in their further use. These Pills sometimes occasion sickness and vomiting, though very seldom, unless the stomach is very full; this, however, may be considered a favorable symptom, as the patient will find himself at once relieved, and by persevering will soon recover. They usually operate within 10 or 12 hours, and never give pain, unless the bowels are very much encumbered. They may be taken by the most delicate females, under any circumstances.—It is, however, recommended, that those in latter periods of pregnancy should take but one at a time, and then continue to keep the bowels open; and even two may be taken when the patient is very costive. One pill in a solution of two table spoons full of water, may be given to an infant in the following doses—a tea spoon full every two hours till it operates; for a child from one to five years of age, half a pill—and from five to ten, one pill.

THE **PHOENIX BITTERS**, are so called, because they possess the power of restoring the expiring embers of health, to a glowing vigor throughout the constitution, as the Phoenix is said to be restored to life from the ashes of its own dissolution. The Phoenix Bitters are entirely vegetable, composed of roots found only in certain parts of the western country, which will infallibly cure **FEVERS** AND **AGUES** of all kinds; will never fail to eradicate entirely all the effects of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla, and will immediately cure the determination of **BLOOD TO THE HEAD**; never failing in the sickness incident to young females; and will be found a certain remedy in all cases of **notorious debility** and **weakness** of the most impaired constitution. As a remedy for **Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism**, the efficacy of the Phoenix Bitters will be demonstrated by the use of a single bottle. The usual dose of these bitters is half a wine glass full, in water or wine, and this quantity may be taken two or three times a day, about half an hour before meals, or a less quantity may be taken at all times. To those who are afflicted with indigestion after meals, these bitters will prove invaluable, as they very greatly increase the action of the principal viscera, help them to perform their functions, and enable the stomach to discharge into the bowels whatever is offensive. Thus indigestion is easily and speedily removed, appetite restored, and the mouths of the absorbent vessels being cleansed, nutrition is facilitated, and strength of body and energy of mind are the happy results. For farther particulars of **MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS**, and **PHOENIX BITTERS**, apply at Mr. Moffat's office, No. 546 Broadway, New-York, where the Pills can be obtained for 25 cents, 50 cents, or \$1 per box; and the Bitters for \$1 or \$2 per bottle. Numerous certificates of the wonderful efficacy of both, may be there inspected.

In some obstinate and complicated cases of chronic and inflammatory Rheumatism, Liver Complaints, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Palsy, Piles, injuries from the use of mercury, gonorrhea, and other diseases of long standing, it may be found necessary to take both the Life Pills and the Phoenix Bitters, in the doses before recommended.

N. B.—These Pills and Bitters will get all mercury out of the system infinitely faster than the best preparations of Sarsaparilla, and are a certain remedy for the rushing of blood to the head, or all violent *headache, vertigo, &c.*—All persons who are predisposed to **apoplexy**, **palsy**, &c., should never be without the Life Pills or the Bitters, for one dose in time will save life. They equalize the circulation of the blood, draw all pressure from the head, restore perspiration, and throw off every impurity by the pores of the skin.

For sale by L. JEWETT, St. Johnsbury.

Bible and School Book

Depository.

ROBY, KIMBALL & MERRILL, North End, Main Street, Concord, N. H. PUBLISH and keep for sale a large supply of **BIBLES** and **SCHOOL BOOKS**, among which are, the Family Quarto Bible, with a map of Palestine, Copper Plates, Index, and Brown's Concordance; also, the Polyglot and small Bibles, done up in various styles of binding; a very neat Testament, on large type, for old people. Orders for School Books properly attended to, on liberal terms.

Concord, N. H. August 1, 1837. 1—8w

BLANKS

For sale at this Office.

When Lord North proposed the Stamp Act upon receipts in England, the following epigram appeared:

"Premier," says Fox, "let's have a tax
That shall not fall on me—"
"Right," says North, "we'll tax receipts,
For those you never see!"

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber on Notes or book accounts of more than two years standing, are respectfully requested to make payment by the fifteenth of November next, or they will find the demands in the hands of David Hibbard Jr., Esq., for collection. No mistake.

BRIGHAM PIKE.
Concord, Oct. 5, 1837. 10 6w

Foundry and Machine Shop.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of the County of Caledonia and its vicinity, that he is now ready to answer all orders for **IRON CASTINGS AND MACHINERY**.

His Foundry is under the superintendence of Mr. J. C. Padcock, who is an experienced workman in all the various branches of the Iron Foundry business, such as Loam, Dry Sand, and Common Moulding. His workmen are of good habits, and well acquainted with the business. The Furnace will be kept in constant operation with a good Stock of Iron and Coal. Scotch Iron will be kept constantly on hand for Machinery and other soft castings.

His Machine Shop is under the superintendence of Mr. AMASA KASSON, who is a first rate workman, both in Iron and Wood. Within the last year the Machine Shop has been furnished with new **TURNING LATHES**, or **ENGINES**, one of which is superior to any in the State. It is constructed for turning large Shafts, Mill Spindles, Sawmill Cranks, Gudgeons, &c. and for boring Cylinders, Pumps, Hubs, Boxes, &c. &c. This Lathe will turn the length of fourteen feet, and diameter of three feet. He has one other Lathe for cutting screws of all kinds, such as taps for screw plates, right and left hand thread, thread of different shape, such as square, sharp or conical.

Among the articles Manufactured at the works, are **TURNING LATHES** of all kinds, for wood and iron, **CAST IRON WHEEL HUBS**, for large and small wagons, with wrought iron axletrees, turned and fitted in the nearest order; also, axletrees with pipe boxes.

Orders for patterns, Castings, or Machinery, left with J. C. Padcock, at the Foundry, or by mail, will be promptly attended to.

HUXHAM PADDOCK.
St. Johnsbury, Aug. 1837. 1—tf

DR. WM. EVANS' MEDICAL PREPARATIONS.

As the enjoyment of health depends on preserving the complicated functions of the stomach, liver, intestines, and lungs, in a healthy and vigorous state, through the operations of which the body receives its growth, its nutrition and its support. It can no longer be astonishing that when these viscera are deranged and cannot perform their proper functions, the whole system should suffer and become disordered. The blood is made from the contents of the stomach, has its red color and vitality given to it by the action of the lungs, and as it performs its duty in circulating through the veins and arteries, has its yellow or bilious excrement, which may be termed its refuse or worn out sediment, collected and discharged by the liver.—These viscera, then, are the antimonial mechanism or apparatus by which the blood is manufactured and preserved; and it is therefore obvious that the state of these should be the first consideration of the physician. Now there are various causes that will affect and derange these organs with which the blood has nothing whatever to do. Thus the stomach may be utterly debilitated in one moment, by affliction, grief, disappointment, heat of the weather, or any other nervous action; and be wholly unable to digest its food. Is the blood to blame for this? A nervous action of long continuance will produce settled dyspepsia, with head ache, bile, mental and physical debility, and a funeral train of other evils. Is the blood to blame for this? Intemperance, by inflaming the coats of the stomach, and leaving it in a flaccid prostrate weakness, and in a quantity and condition of purgative medicines by producing the same effects, will in this organ produce an art of use for digesting wholesome solid food, and it is impossible for the blood and the whole system. Is the blood to blame for this? Again, with regard to the lungs, it is well known, that a slight cold, occasioned by damp feet or by a current of air, will inflame the bronchia, all down through the branching air tubes of the lungs and create either excessive mucous, or that dreadful insidious disease, consumption, with pustules and suppuration of the lobes, which through timely remedies may prevent, no earthly skill can cure. Is the blood of the fair and blooming victim to blame for this? So the liver, when climate, sedentary habits, intemperance, or other prostrating causes have withered away or paralyzed it with distention, becomes unable to carry off the bile from the circulation, and instead of discharging it through the gall bladder, leaves it to come through the skin in jaundiced and sallow fluids, and to rush upon the stomach in irregular and excessive quantities. Is the unfortunate blood to blame for this? No: these vital organs are never affected by the blood, until after the blood has been affected by them; they are its makers and masters, and it is merely their work and their passive agent.

Knowing this to be a sound and demonstrated fact in science and experience; Dr. W. Evans' system of practice is in faithful accordance with it. He aims to keep the stomach, the lungs and the liver in vigorous and regular action, as the three great fountains of health and life. For this purpose he describes his beautifully efficacious **Apertient Pills** (acknowledged by medical men who have analyzed and recommended them to be equal to any in the world) in cases which require the cleansing of the stomach and bowels, and his celebrated **Camomile or Tonic Pills**, in cases of nervous irritability, stomachic weakness, or general debility. A vast majority of human diseases having their origin in the general sympathy of the principal viscera with the nervous system; he thus seeks diseases in the most subtle fibres of its roots, instead of vainly hoping to extricate it by plucking off its leaves and more distant branches. His **Apertient Pills** will do all that any purgative medicine can do, that is, thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels; and his **Camomile or Tonic Pills**, containing as they also do the most delightful *anodyne* known in medicine, will do, have done, and are continually doing more to strengthen, restore and sustain the human constitution than any other medicine that has yet been discovered. Of this he has innumerable proofs, and thus no man can deny without falsehood.

Dr. Wm. Evans' medical preparations are for all stomach and nervous diseases. In indigestion, dyspepsia, bilious affections or liver complaints, heartburn or acidity in the stomach, tightness at the chest, loss of appetite, pain in the side or flatulency, hypochondriacism, low spirits, palpitations of the heart, nervous weakness, fluor albus, seminal weakness, general debility, bodily weakness, chlorosis or green sickness, flatulency or hysteria faintings, hysterics, head ache, hiccup, sea sickness, night mare, gout, Rheumatism, asthma, the doloric, cramp, spasmodic affections, nausea, vomiting, pains in the side, limbs, head, stomach or back, dimness, or confusion of sight, noises in the inside, watery discharges, agitation, anxiety, bad dreams, spasms, will in every case be relieved by an occasional dose of **Evans' Camomile Pills**.

Ladies during the time of pregnancy, are often troubled with sickness, vomiting, heartburn, head ache, tooth ache, hysterics and other troublesome symptoms *effectually removed by these preparations*.

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